

Risks and Effects of Radiation: Putting Fukushima in Context

March 1, 2012 National Press Club Washington, DC

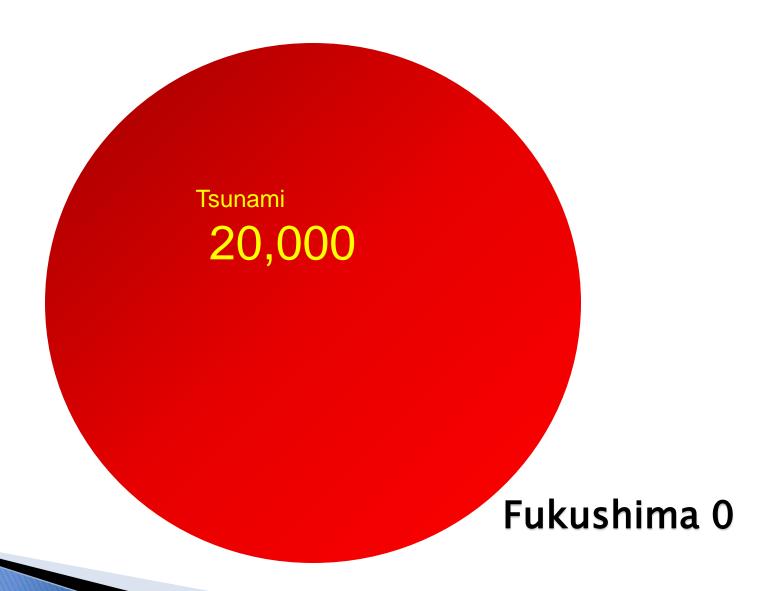


Howard Dickson, CHP, CSP, CIH Past President, HPS



Robert Peter Gale, MD, PhD, DSc (Hon) Imperial College, London

Japan Deaths



Atmospheric Release (PBq)

	131	¹³⁷ Cs
Chernobyl	1,800	80
Fukushima	130-160	6-15

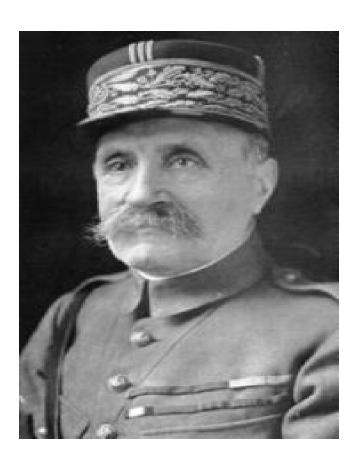
Fukushima External Doses (10,000 people)

5,800	< 1 mSv
4,100	1-10 mSv
71	> 10-< 20 mSv
2	20-23 mSv

Effective Collective Dose (personSv)

Chernobyl 225,000 Fukushima 3,000-8,000

Marshall Ferdinand Foch

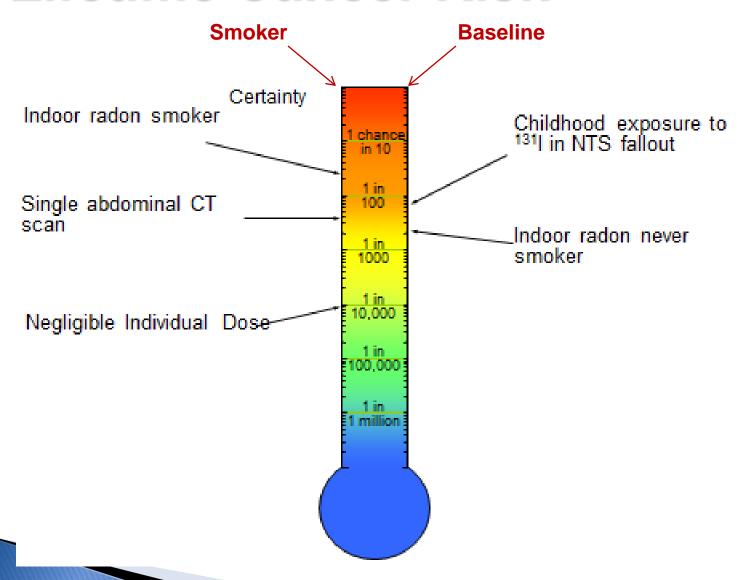


"Airplanes are interesting toys but of no military value."

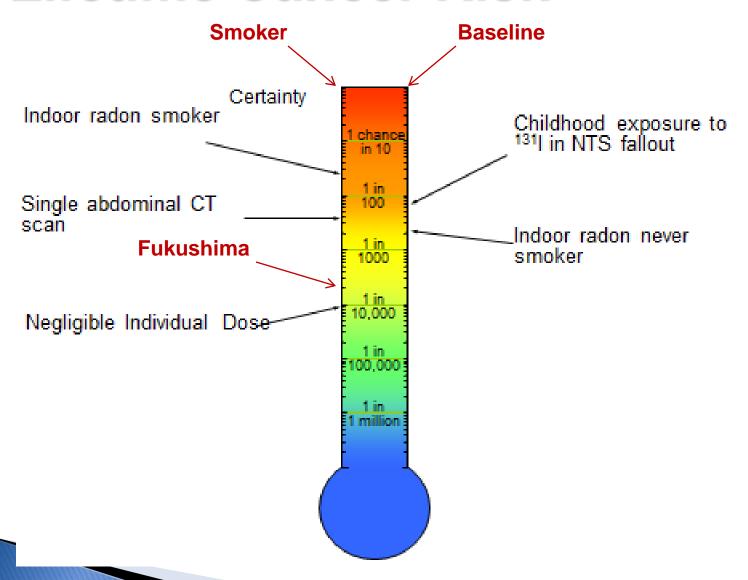
Increased Fukushima Cancer Risk

Incidence 0.002% 0.001% **Deaths**

Lifetime Cancer Risk



Lifetime Cancer Risk



1 in 100,000 Chance of Death

Smoking 14 cigarettes Eating 25 cups of peanut butter Spending 20 days in New York Driving 600 km in a car Flying 40,000 km in a plane Kayaking 15 minutes Receiving 1 mSv radiation



John Boice, ScD Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center



Health Physics Society Panel on Risks and Effects of Radiation following Fukushima National Press Club

Ongoing Health Effects Surveys National and International Initiatives

John D. Boice Jr.

National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements
Vanderbilt University Medical Center
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March 1, 2012



Population Exposure



 1,080 children examined for thyroid dose – lower than the screening level. Quick action taken to minimize adverse health consequences

- Evacuation
- Recommend to stay indoors
- Food restrictions
- Monitoring, masks

 Extensive population screening (200,000)

Worker Exposure

Number of workers (30 Nov 2011)

17,671

Average effective dose

- ~ 9 mSv
- Number > 100 mSv (none > 200) (external) 37
- Number > 100 mSv (external + internal)
- Number > 250 mSv (external + internal)
- Lifetime risk of developing cancer may be increased 1-2% for those > 100 mSv (external)

Above 50 mSv (external + internal) 410



Operation

TomoDachi

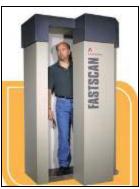
(Operation Friends)

U.S. Military Exposure

Internal Monitoring Preliminary

- Number monitored (2 Aug)
- Number > MDA
- Average internal dose
- Highest internal dose





7,740 of 61,000

183 (2.4%)

.04 mSv

0.25 mSv



Stars and Stripes, July 20, 2011

Population exposures appear low -- but

- To show compassion, provide assurance, and reduce anxiety, health surveys are being conducted
- Provide medical care

Mental health problems most likely

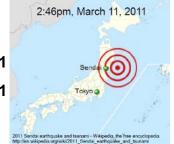
consequence



Health Survey – Fukushima Residents

BASIC STUDY

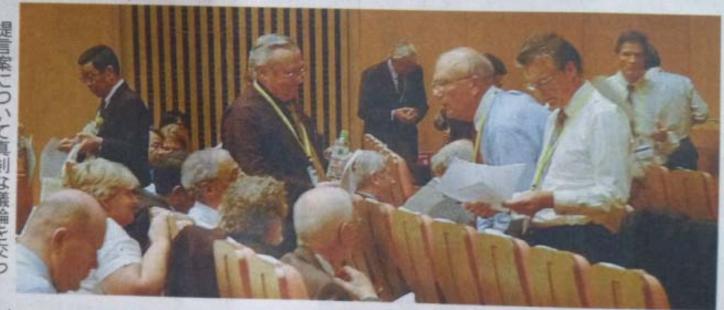
- 2 million residents sent 10-page questionnaire
- To learn location, intake of food, baseline data
- 30 year follow-up planned, first year to cost
 96 billion yen
- Purpose stated to alleviate anxiety



KOSHU EISEI JOHO (Public Health Information) 41(6):18-21, Sep 2011 Normile D. Newsmaker interview: Seiji Yasumura. Science 333:685, 2011

県民健康調

す専門家会議の参加者 提言案について真剣な議論を交わ



家が住民が住民が

Google: Nippon Foundation Fukushima Symposium ... Boice, Mettler, T Walker (UK Health Safety Exec. D Wegman Global Security

Health Survey - Fukushima Residents

DETAILED STUDIES

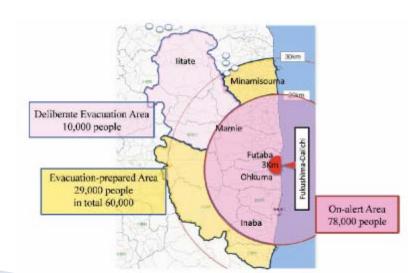
- (1) Thyroid study of 360,000 < 18y, 2½ y started Oct 2011
- (2) Health exam, including blood samples of ~ 80,000 in the evacuation zone
- (3) Mental health, counseling of those in evacuation zone
- (4) Pregnant women and nursing mothers ~ 20,000

KOSHU EISEI JOHO (Public Health Information) 41(6):18-21,

Sep 2011

Normile D. Newsmaker interview: Seiji Yasumura.

Science 333:684-5, 2011









Task Group 84 of the ICRP Main Commission Initial Lessons Learned from the NPP Accident in Japan vis-á-vis the ICRP System of Radiological Protection

- This Task Group (TG) will compile lessons learned related to the efforts carried out to protect people against radiation exposure during and after the emergency exposure situation caused by the Nuclear Power Plant accident in Japan.
- A report is expected within a year, as are recommendations to the ICRP Main Commission on any other follow-up actions including potential improvements to the system of radiological protection.
- Approximately half of the members of the Task Group are experts from Japanese authorities, operators, and nongovernmental organizations.

Membership

Abel González (Chair) (MC)

Makoto Akashi (NIRS)

John Boice (MC)

Masamichi Chino (JAEA)

Toshimitsu Homma (C4) (JAEA)

Nobuhito Ishigure (C2)

Michiaki Kai (C4) (Oita University)

Shizuyo Kusumi (NSC)

Jaiki Lee (MC)

Hans Menzel (MC/C2)

Ohtsura Niwa (MC) (Kyoto University)

Wolfgang Weiss (C4)

Shunichi Yamashita (Nagasaki University and

Fukushima Medical University)

Yoshiharu Yonekura (NIRS)



Concerns/Issues to Consider

- Misuse of Risk Coefficients and Collective Dose
- Confusion over Quantities and Units
- Concern about Internal Doses
- Protection of Rescuers
- Level of Doses for Public Protection
- Radioactivity in Consumer Products



Concerns/Issues to Consider - 2

- Protection of Children
- Stigma (disgrace associated with being from Fukushima)
- Disposing Contaminated Rubble and Water
- Monitoring Policy
- What Is "Safe"
- Risk Communication and Perception



United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation





UNSCEAR Fukushima assessment: an honour and a challenge

Wolfgang Weiss, Chair of UNSCEAR

1st All-Expert Meeting for UNSCEAR Fukushima Assessment 30 January 2012







Four Expert Groups

uinsceair. Org

A. Data compilation, quality assurance Compilation, screening, quality assurance, critical review

B. Radionuclide releases and dispersion

Source term, atmospheric/marine dispersion/deposition

C. Dose and risk assessment

Doses, effects and risks for public and non-human biota

D. Worker doses and health effects

Doses for workers and rescuers, and health effects/risks



National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements



March 12-13, 2012 Annual Meeting, Bethesda

EMERGING ISSUES IN RADIATION PROTECTION IN MEDICINE, EMERGENCY RESPONSE, AND THE NUCLEAR FUEL CYCLE

Implications of the Fukushima Daiichi Accident for Radiation Protection – 8 Sessions including:

Childhood Exposure: An Issue from Computed Tomography Scans to Fukushima

Fred A. Mettler, Jr., New Mexico Federal Regional Medical Center

Reference Levels in the Context of Fukushima: Lessons Learned and Challenge to Radiation Protection System Kazuo Sakai, *National Institute of Radiological Sciences, Japan*

National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements



March 11-12, 2013 Annual Meeting, Bethesda

RADIATION DOSE AND IMPACTS ON EXPOSED POPULATIONS

Including presentation on:

Two Year Results from the Fukushima Health Surveys
Shunichi Yamashita, Vice President, Fukushima Medical University

- Scientific Committee 5-1, "Approach to Optimizing Decision Making for Late-Phase Recovery from Nuclear or Radiological Terrorism Incidents"
 - Emphasizing lessons being learned from the Fukushima
 NPP accident
 - -- Chair, SY Chen. Argonne National Laboratory



Kathryn Higley, PhD, CHP Oregon State Univ. Dept. of Nuclear Engineering

Today's Panelists

- John Boice, ScD Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center
 - Member of the International Commission on Radiation Protection Task Group on Fukushima
 - U.S. delegation to the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation
- Howard Dickson, CHP, CSP, CIH Past President, Health Physics Society
 - Formerly Deputy Director of Technical Planning for TMI 2 Recovery
- Robert Emery, DrPH, CHP, CIH University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston
 - Appointed member of Texas Radiation Advisory Board
- Robert Peter Gale, MD, PhD, DSc (Hon) Imperial College, London
 - Medical consultant involved in Chernobyl and Fukushima accidents
- Kathryn Higley, PhD, CHP Oregon State University, Dept. of Nuclear Engineering
 - Former Reactor Supervisor for the Reed College TRIGA reactor
- Richard Vetter, PhD, CHP Mayo Clinic, Professor of Radiobiology and Radiation Protection
 - Former Radiation Safety Officer
 - Congressional and Agency Liaison, Health Physics Society

Thank You

Panelists are available for additional comment

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